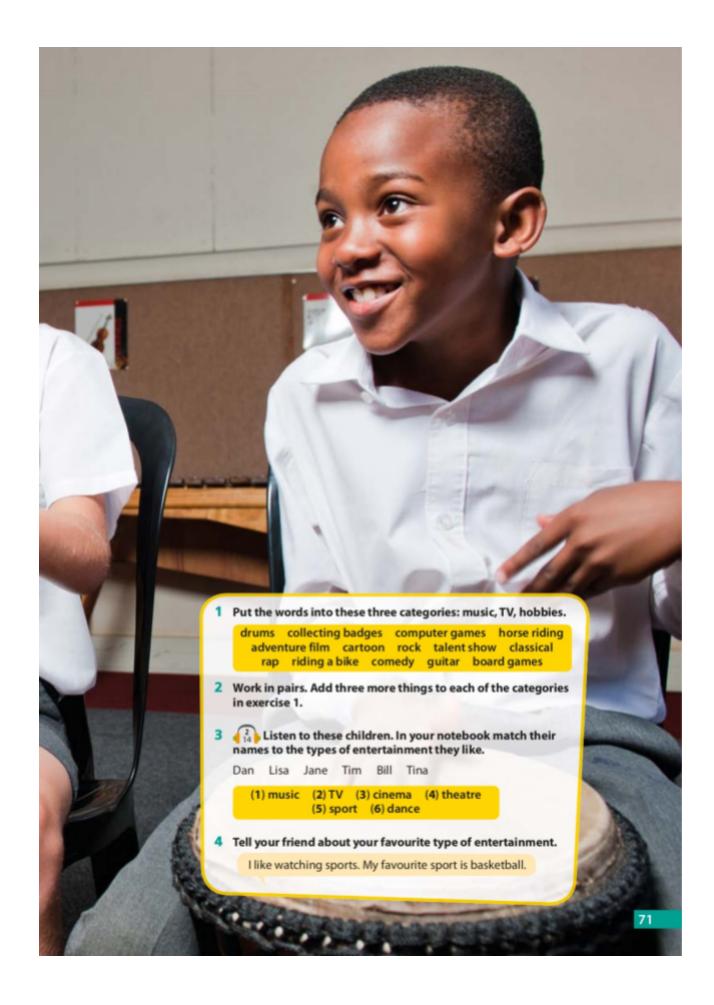
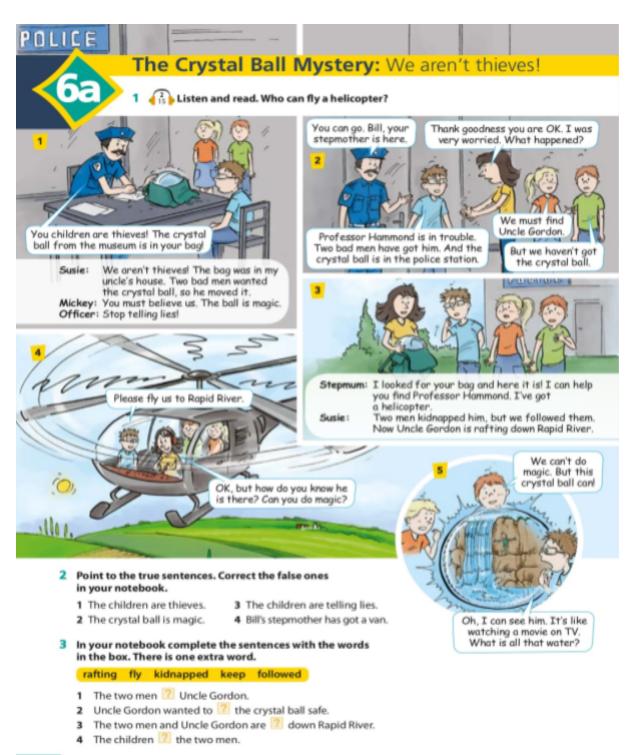
Zadanie z Języka Angielskiego Szkoła Branżowa 31.03.2020

- 1. Umieść słowa w tych trzech kategoriach: muzyka, telewizja, hobby, **zadanie 1, str 71**
- 2. Dodaj trzy dodatkowe rzeczy do każdej z kategorii w zadaniu 1, **zadanie 1, str 71**
- 3. Napisz cztery zdania o swoim ulubionym rodzaju rozrywki, **zadanie 4, str 71**
- 4. Przeczytaj tekst, str 72
- 5. Wskaż prawdziwe zdania, zadanie 2, str 72
- 6. Przeczytaj rozdział z gramatyki, str 73
- 7. Wykonaj zadanie: str 73, zadanie 4,5,8
 - 4)Dopasuj czasowniki do ich form past simple i napisz je. Napisz brakujące formy przeszłości;
 - 5)Uzupełnij zdania czasownikami w ramce, w czasie Past simple i napisz je;
 - 8)Zdecyduj o czym jest każdy tekst(1-3). Dopasuj właściwy temat (a-d) do każdego tekstu. Jeden temat nie pasuje do żadnego tekstu. Opowiedz bardzo krótko o tym, co jest powiedziane w każdym tekście.
- 8. Naucz się "Vocabulary":) str 73





Grammar

Past simple (regular verbs - affirmative)

Uncle Gordon moved the crystal ball. I looked for your bag

Formy czasu przeszłego czasowników regularnych tworzymy, dodając końcówkę -ed.

Watch the spelling!

move - moved kidnap - kidnapped try - tried play - played

4 Match the verbs with their past simple forms and write them in your notebook. Write the missing past forms.

| | Past Simple | |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| prefer | stop smile want | travelled Preferred |
| travel change | study believe watch | opened believed watched |

Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box in the past simple tense, and write them in your notebook.

open walk play watch tidy

- We 10 to school slowly and were late.
- 2 Tom and Chris ? football in the park last weekend.
- 3 He ? the helicopter door.
- 4 Yesterday she ?? her bedroom.
- 5 I 2 TV all Saturday morning.

The ed is pronounced in three different ways. Listen and repeat the words. Copy

the table into your notebook and complete it.

jumped kidnapped listened moved needed opened played rested stopped tidied tried visited walked wanted watched

| /T/ | /D/ | /ID/ |
|-----|-----|------|
| | | |

Vocabulary

act in a play collect comic books cook soup dance the tango listen to rock music paint a picture

play cards travel around the world visit a museum walk in a forest watch films work in the garden

Can you think of other words and phrases to go with each verb in the vocabulary box? Write them down in your notebook.

Read and speak

- Decide what each text (1-3) is about. Match the correct topic (a-d) to each text. One topic doesn't match any text.
 - an animal
- c a family
- a visit
- d a film
- 1 Last night my family watched TV together. It was a comedy about a boy who was at home on his own. Someone tried to break into the house. The boy did a lot of funny things and played tricks to stop the bad man. I really enjoyed watching it.

The text is about ?..

2 My dad told me about a pet he had when he was a young boy. His name was Hector. He was small and black. Every day he waited patiently for my dad to take him for a walk. He loved long walks in the park.

The text is about 2.

3 On Saturday I visited my cousins. We had sandwiches for lunch. Then we walked in the park and played with their dog, Joker. On the way back home we stopped and had some ice cream. In the evening we watched a film. It was a great day.

The text is about ?..

Work in pairs. Tell your partner what you did on your last holiday.

Extra task (do it if you wish)



He didn't have much

Dwarfs, Dumbo, Pinocchio and Cinderella. When did Disneyland open?

company in their uncle's garage!

didn't earn any money. (2)

Walt Disney always wanted to open his own amusement park. It was his dream.

(4) Children and adults loved it, and soon visitors started coming from all over the world. (5)

money, so he and his brother started a small film

created long films like Snow White and the Seven

Later they moved to a big studio and they

Comprehension

- Read the text again and match sentences A–E with the correct gaps. Then listen and check.
 - A In 1955 Disneyland opened in California.
 - B At first they started making short cartoons.
 - C He loved drawing animals.
 - D There are also Disneyland parks in other countries like France and Japan.
 - E He then decided to go to Hollywood because his brother lived there.

Vocabulary

- 3 Read the definitions and write the words in your notebook. The number of letters for each word is in brackets.
 - This is a person or animal in a film or book.
 (9)
 - 2 This is something you want very much and think about a lot. d ? (5)
 - 3 This is a film made of pictures. c ?? (7)
 - 4 Children love playing here. a ?? (9) p?? (4)
 - 5 The place where people make films. s ? (6)

Skills Explorer



didn't like it and changed

it to Mickey!

Uzupełnianie luk w tekście

- Kiedy spotkasz się z zadaniem polegającym na uzupełnieniu luk w dłuższym tekście – najpierw przeczytaj cały tekst.
- Następnie przeczytaj zdania, które masz wstawić do tekstu.
- Ponownie przeczytaj tekst i zastanów się, czy zdanie, które chcesz wstawić w lukę, logicznie go uzupełnia (nie zaczyna nowej myśli, nie jest oderwane od tematu).

Word list



Key words

Czas wolny – czasowniki

act - grać (w filmie lub sztuce)

collect - zbierać dance - tańczyć paint - malować travel - podróżować visit - odwiedzać walk - spacerować

watch - oglądać

Film i telewizja

adventure film - film przygodowy be on TV - być w telewizji (w programie

telewizyjnym)

cartoon - film rysunkowy

comedy - komedia

documentary - film dokumentalny, reportaż

drama - dramat

horror film - horror, film grozy

inform - informować

movie - film

musical - musical, komedia muzyczna

the news - wiadomości, program informacyjny

quiz show - teleturniej

science fiction film - film fantastyczno-naukowy

show - pokazywać; show, widowisko, pokaz soap opera - opera mydlana, telenowela

talent show - konkurs talentów

turn off - wyłączać

turn on - włączać

Other words

adult - dorosły

all over the world - cały świat, na całym świecie

amusement park - park rozrywki

beat - bić, bebnić be born - urodzić się character - postać

company - firma

create - tworzyć

dream - marzenie, sen

earn - zarabiać

famous (for) - sławny, znany (z, z powodu czegoś)

handsome - przystojny

joke - żart

keep - zachować, przechować

kidnap - porwać later - później

marry - poślubić money - pieniądze

monster - potwór

move - poruszać (czymś/się);

przenieść (coś); przeprowadzać się

poor - biedny

prince - królewicz

princess - królewna

receive - otrzymać

rhythm - rytm

safe - bezpieczny; keep safe - dopilnować,

aby coś było bezpieczne

sell - sprzedawać

skin - skóra

sledge – sanki; jeździć na sankach

visitor – gość, odwiedzający

wood - drewno

24,25 Listen to the song and complete the words with the missing letters. After listening, spell the words to your friend.

To s _ t at h _ me

And $w _ tch TV$. It's re_lly gr_ at

It's n _ ce when I'm fre _ To pl _ y some sp _ rts: R_n, sw_m or sk_te It's f_n and c_ol To I _ sten to mus _ c And d_nce after sch_ ol It's very go_d For s _ ul and bod _ To have a passi _ n, To have a h _ bby.

